

# GCSE Mathematics Specification (8300/1F)

# F

Paper 1 Foundation tier

Date

Morning

1 hour 30 minutes

## Materials

For this paper you must have:

- mathematical instruments

You must **not** use a calculator



*Just Maths  
worksolutions*

## Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the bottom of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

## Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Please write clearly, in block capitals, to allow character computer recognition.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature \_\_\_\_\_

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1 How many centimetres are there in 3.7 metres?

Circle your answer.

$$\begin{array}{l} 100\text{cm} = 1\text{m} \\ 300\text{cm} = 3\text{m} \end{array} \downarrow \times 3$$

[1 mark]

0.037

0.37

37

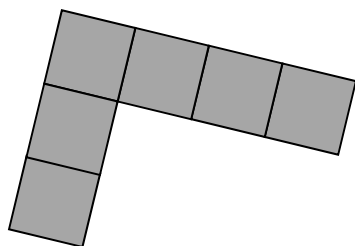
370

- 2 Which of these is the **net** of a **cube**?

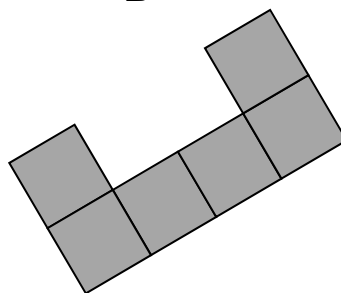
Circle the correct letter.

[1 mark]

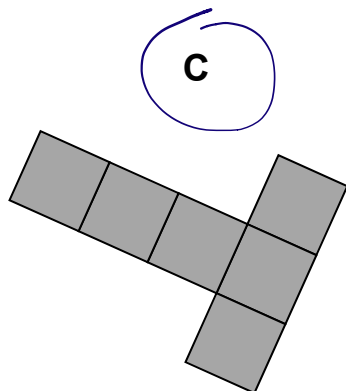
A



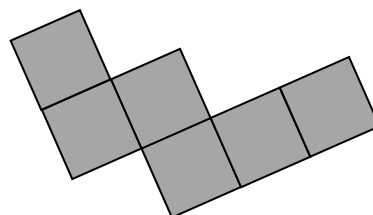
B



C



D



- 3 Circle the fraction that is **not** equivalent to  $\frac{3}{8}$

$$\frac{6}{16} \quad \frac{3}{8}$$

Handwritten:  $\div 2$  (from 6 to 3, 16 to 8)

$$\frac{9}{24} \quad \frac{3}{8}$$

Handwritten:  $\div 3$  (from 9 to 3, 24 to 8)

$$\frac{12}{32} \quad \frac{3}{8}$$

Handwritten:  $\div 4$  (from 12 to 3, 32 to 8)

$$\frac{15}{35} \quad \frac{3}{7}$$

Handwritten:  $\div 5$  (from 15 to 3, 35 to 7). The fraction  $\frac{15}{35}$  is circled in pink. [1 mark]

- 4 Simplify  $5a - (2a + 6)$   
Circle your answer.

$$3a + 6$$

$$9a$$

$$-3a$$

$$3a - 6$$

Handwritten: circled in blue.

[1 mark]

$$5a - 2a - 6$$

$$3a - 6$$

Turn over for the next question

5 Complete the table.

[2 marks]

Minutes	Hours
30	$\frac{1}{2}$
40	$\frac{2}{3}$
135	$2\frac{1}{4}$

$$20 \text{ mins} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$40 \text{ mins} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$2 \text{ hours} = 120$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = 15$$

6 Here are some numbers.

7.6

9.6

12.4

12.6

15.4

17.4

9.6

12.6

15.4

7.6

12.4

17.4

Write the numbers in pairs so that the **sum** of the numbers in each pair is the same.

[2 marks]

$$17.4 + 7.6 = 25$$

$$15.4 + 9.6 = 25$$

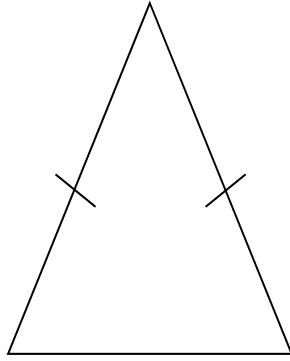
$$12.4 + 12.6 = 25$$

Answer 17.4 and 7.6

15.4 and 9.6

12.4 and 12.6

- 7 This triangle is drawn accurately.



What type of triangle is it?

Tick **two** boxes.

[1 mark]

acute-angled



obtuse-angled



equilateral



isosceles



scalene



Turn over for the next question

8 Work out 51% of 400

[2 marks]

$$50\% \text{ of } 400 = 200$$

$$10\% \text{ of } 400 = 40$$

$$51\% = 200 + 4$$

$$1\% \text{ of } 400 = 4$$

Answer 204

9 Write 180 g as a fraction of 3 kg

Give your answer in its simplest form.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{180}{3000} = \frac{9}{150} = \frac{3}{50}$$

Handwritten simplification steps:  
 $\frac{180}{3000} \xrightarrow{\div 20} \frac{9}{150} \xrightarrow{\div 3} \frac{3}{50}$

Answer  $\frac{3}{50}$

10 Here are some properties of numbers.

- A Even
- B Odd
- C Prime
- D Square
- E Two-digit

10 (a) Which **two** properties does the number 4 have?  
Circle the correct letters.

[1 mark]

A

B

C

D

E

10 (b) Can one number have **all** of the properties?  
Tick a box.

☐

Yes

☒

No

☐

Cannot tell

Give a reason for your answer.

[1 mark]

numbers are either odd or even

10 (c) Write down a number with **three** of the properties.  
State which properties it has.

[2 marks]

there are a number of solutions including but not exclusively  
36  $\Rightarrow$  even, square, twodigit

Number 1

Properties odd, prime, square

11

Ranjit has six coins in his pocket.

If he picks **five** of the coins

the most he could pick is £4.60

the least he could pick is £2.70

How much money does he have altogether?

[4 marks]

most £4.60                      least £2.70

£2, £2, 20p 20p 20p    X

£2   £1   £1   50p 10p              £1   £1   £50   10p 10p

.

£2, £1, £1, 50p, 10p, 10p

Answer £    4.70



12

Here are three expressions.

$$\frac{b}{a}$$

$$a - b$$

$$ab$$

When  $a = 2$  and  $b = -6$  which expression has the smallest value?You **must** show your working.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{2}{-6} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$2 - (-6) = 8$$

$$2 \times -6 = \underline{-12}$$

Answer ab

Turn over for the next question

- 13** The table shows the ratio of teachers to children needed for two activities.

	teachers : children
Climbing	1 : 4
Walking	1 : 9

- 13 (a)** There are 7 teachers to take children climbing.

What is the greatest number of children that can go climbing?

[1 mark]

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \cdot 4 \\ 7 : 28 \\ \hookrightarrow \end{array}$$

Answer 28

- 13 (b)** 49 children want to go walking.

What is the smallest number of teachers needed?

[1 mark]

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 : 9 \\ 5.4 \dots 49 \\ \leftarrow \div 9 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 0 \ 5.4 \dots \\ 9 \overline{) 49} \end{array}$$

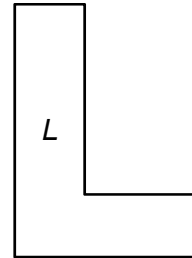
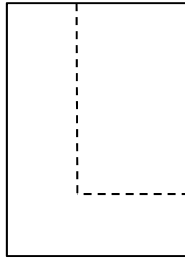
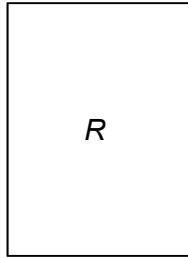
Answer 6 teachers

14

Shape  $R$  is a rectangle.

A smaller rectangle is cut from  $R$  to form shape  $L$ .

Not drawn  
accurately



Which **one** of these statements is true?

Tick a box.

[1 mark]

The perimeter of  $R$  is **longer than** the perimeter of  $L$

☐

The perimeter of  $R$  is the **same as** the perimeter of  $L$

☒

The perimeter of  $R$  is **shorter than** the perimeter of  $L$

☐

It is **not** possible to tell which perimeter is longer

☐

Turn over for the next question

15

Textbooks are stored on two shelves.

Each shelf is 0.72 metres long.

Each textbook is 30 millimetres wide.

Not drawn  
accurately

Can 50 textbooks be stored on these shelves?

You **must** show your working.

[3 marks]

$$30 \text{ millimetres} = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$25 \text{ books} = 3 \times 25 = 75 \text{ cm} = 0.75 \text{ m}$$

so no 50 books won't fit, 24 can fit on one b/case so  
48 books will fit

Answer No 48 will

16

All tickets for a concert are the same price.

Amy and Dan pay £63 altogether for some tickets.

Amy pays £24.50 for 7 tickets.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Amy} \\ \text{Dan} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{r} 58.00 \\ - 24.50 \\ \hline 33.50 \end{array}$$

How many tickets does Dan buy?

[4 marks]

$$\begin{array}{r} 03.50 \\ 7 \overline{) 24.50} \end{array}$$

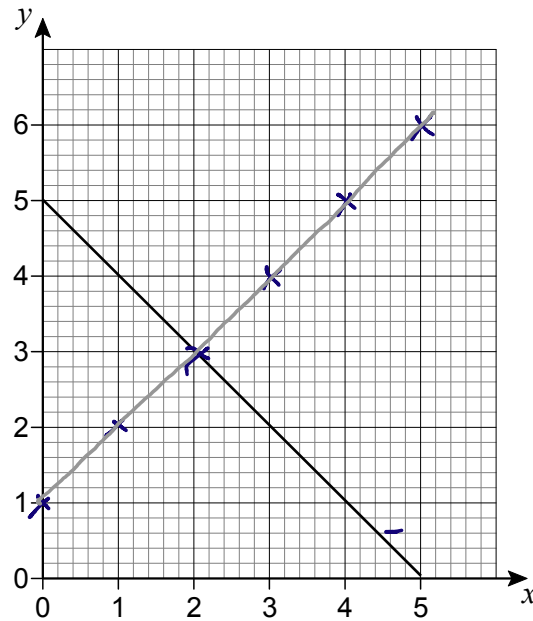
Amy pays £3.50 a ticket

$$10 \text{ tickets} = 35.00$$

$$11 \text{ tickets} = 38.50$$

Answer 11 tickets

- 17 Here is the graph of  $y = 5 - x$  for values of  $x$  from 0 to 5



- 17 (a) On the same grid, draw the graph of  $y = x + 1$  for values of  $x$  from 0 to 5

[2 marks]

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} x = & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ y = & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \end{array}$$

- 17 (b) Use the graphs to solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = 5 - x \quad \text{and} \quad y = x + 1$$

[1 mark]

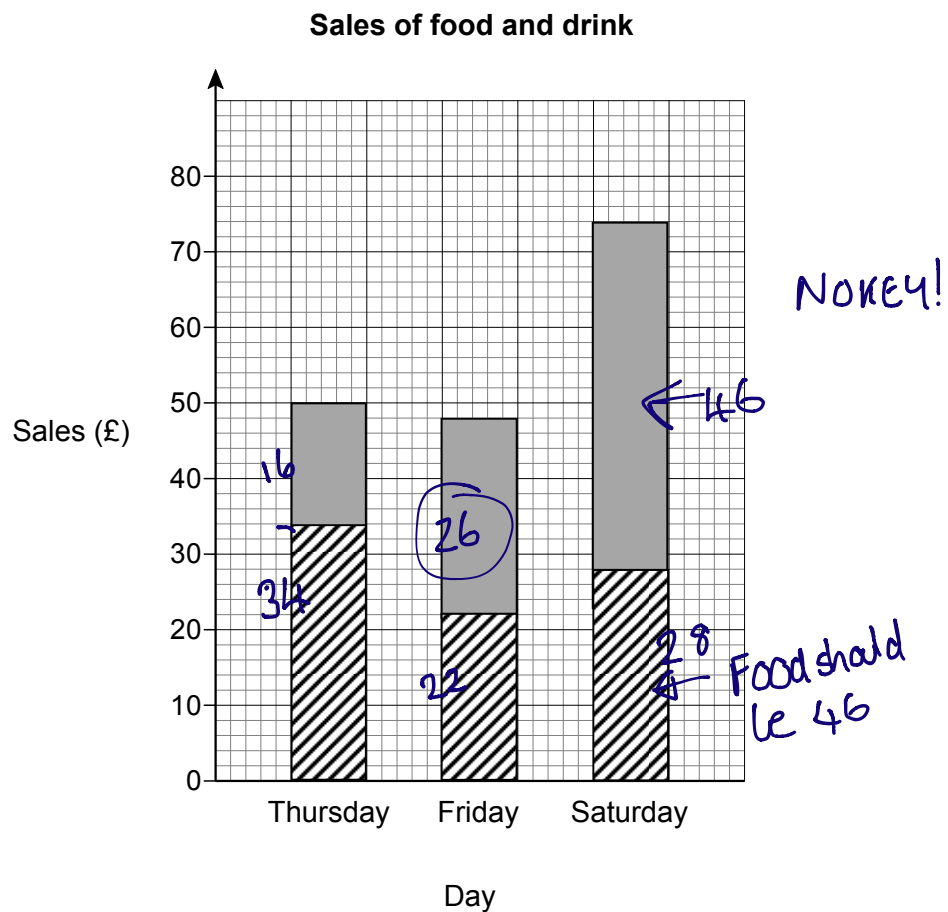
$$\begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 2 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad 3 \quad} \end{array}$$

18

The table shows the sales of food and drink for three days at a market stall.

Day	Sales of food (£)	Sales of drink (£)
Thursday	34	16
Friday	22	48
Saturday	46	28

Hannah uses this information to draw a composite bar chart.



Write down **three** different mistakes that she has made.

[3 marks]

Mistake 1 sales of drink on Friday is shown as 26 not 48

Mistake 2 no key

Mistake 3 the food and drink on Saturday are the wrong way round

19

Sam wants to buy a camera for £345

He has already saved £96

Each week

his pay is £80

he saves 30% of this pay.

How many **more** weeks must he save?

[4 marks]

$$\begin{array}{r} 2845 \\ - 96 \\ \hline 249 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} £80 \quad 10\% = 8 \\ \quad \quad 30\% = 24 \end{array}$$

$$10 \text{ weeks} = 240$$

$$11 \text{ weeks} = 264$$

Answer 11 weeks

**20 (a)**  $w$  and  $x$  are **whole** numbers.

$$w > 40 \quad 41 \text{ and above}$$

$$x < 30 \quad 29 \text{ and below}$$

Work out the **smallest** possible value of  $w - x$

[2 marks]

$$41 - 29 =$$

Answer 12

**20 (b)**  $y$  and  $z$  are **whole** numbers.

$$y < 60 \quad 59 \text{ and below}$$

$$z \leq 50 \quad 50 \text{ and below}$$

Work out the **largest** possible value of  $y + z$

[2 marks]

$$59 + 50$$

Answer 109



21 (a) Work out  $2.4 \times 0.002$

[1 mark]

$$24 \times 2 = 48 \quad .00248$$

Answer 0.0048

21 (b) Write  $1.2 \times 10^{-5}$  as an ordinary number.

[1 mark]

Answer 0.000012

21 (c) Write 2 500 000 in standard form.

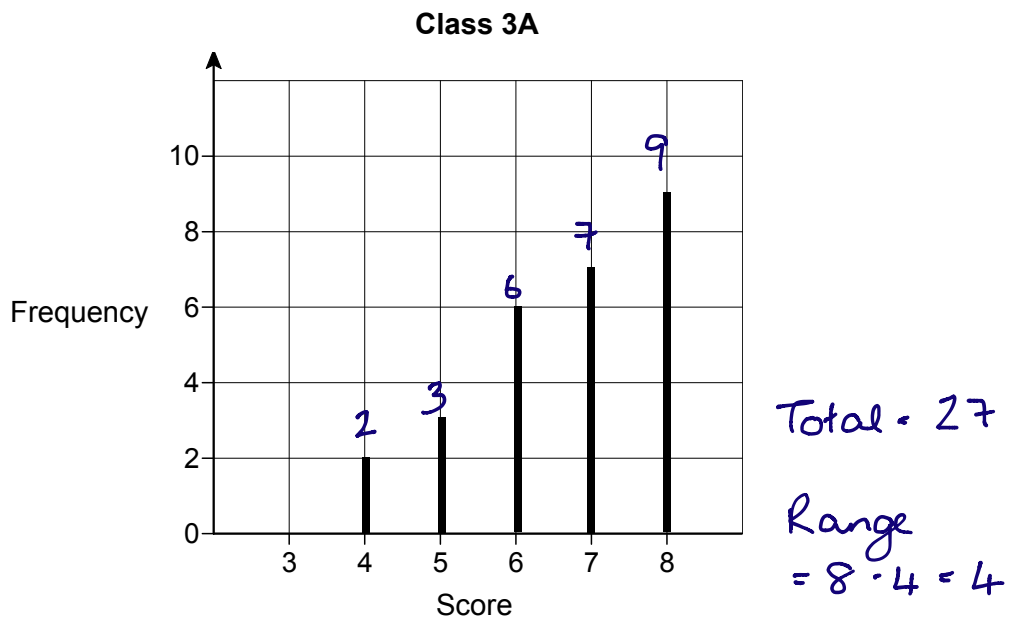
[1 mark]

Answer  $2.5 \times 10^6$

Turn over for the next question

22

The diagram shows information about the scores of Class 3A in a spelling test.



- 22 (a) A student is chosen at random from Class 3A.

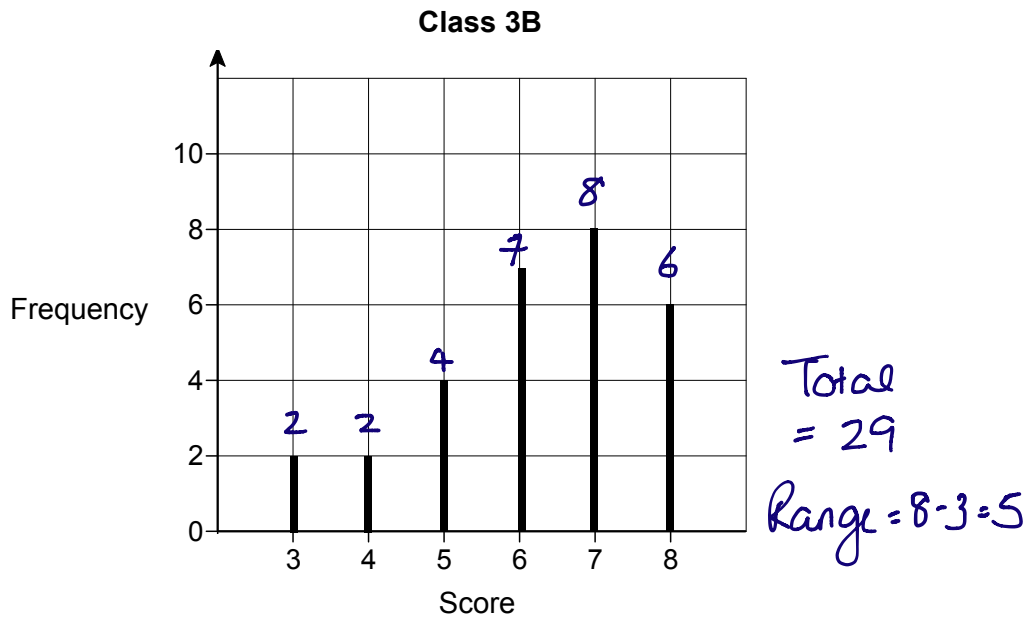
Work out the probability that the student's score was the **mode** for the class.

[3 marks]

mode = 8       $\frac{9}{27} = \frac{1}{3}$

Answer  $\frac{1}{3}$

The diagram shows information about the scores of Class 3B in the same test.



- 22 (b)** Show that Class 3A had more **consistent** scores than Class 3B.

Use the data from both diagrams.

[2 marks]

The range of 3a is 4 and the range of 3b is 5 so 3a is more consistent

- 22 (c)** Lucy is one of the 29 students in **Class 3B**.

Her score was the same as the **median** score for her class.

Work out her score.

[2 marks]

Median = middle  $29 + 1 = 30 \div 2 = 15^{\text{th}}$   
15th score = 6

Answer 6

23

Kelly is trying to work out the two values of  $w$  for which  $3w - w^3 = 2$

Her values are 1 and  $-1$

Are her values correct?

You **must** show your working.

[2 marks]

$$3 \times 1 - 1^3$$

$$3 - 1 = 2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$3 \times -1 - (-1)^3$$

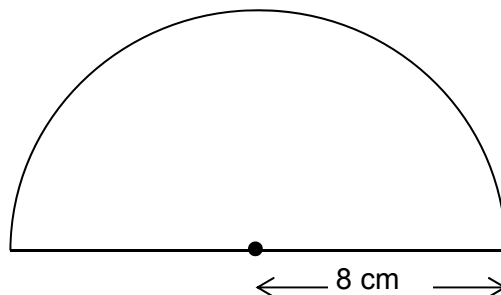
$$-3 - -1 = -3 + 1 = -2$$

$$\times$$

1 is correct -1 isn't

24

The diagram shows a semicircle of radius 8 cm



Not drawn accurately

Work out the area of the semicircle.

Give your answer in terms of  $\pi$ .

[2 marks]

$$\text{area} = \pi r^2 = \pi \times 8^2$$

$$= 64\pi \quad \leftarrow \text{FULL CIRCLE}$$

$$\div 2$$

Answer  $32\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup>

25 Work out  $2\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{5}{7}$

Give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.

[3 marks]

$$\frac{11}{4} \times \frac{12^3}{7} = \frac{33}{7} = 4\frac{5}{7}$$

Answer  $4\frac{5}{7}$

26 Solve  $5x - 2 > 3x + 11$

[2 marks]

$$2x - 2 > 11$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} > \frac{13}{2}$$

Answer  $x > 6.5$

Turn over for the next question

27

The  $n$ th term of a sequence is  $2n + 1$ The  $n$ th term of a different sequence is  $3n - 1$ Work out the **three** numbers that are

in both sequences

and

between 20 and 40

[3 marks]

$n =$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
$2n+1 =$	<del>3</del>	<del>5</del>	<del>7</del>	<del>9</del>	<del>11</del>	<del>13</del>	<del>15</del>	<del>17</del>	<del>19</del>	21	23	25
$3n-1 =$	2	<del>5</del>	<del>8</del>	<del>11</del>	<del>14</del>	<del>17</del>	20	23	26	29	32	35

$n =$	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
$2n+1 =$	27	29	31	33	35	37	39	<del>41</del>
$3n-1 =$	38	<del>41</del>						

Answer 23, 29, 35

28

White paint costs £2.80 per litre.

Blue paint costs £3.50 per litre.

White paint and blue paint are mixed in the ratio 3 : 2

Work out the cost of 18 litres of the mixture.

[4 marks]

$$\begin{array}{r} 03.6 \\ 5 \overline{) 18.30} \end{array}$$

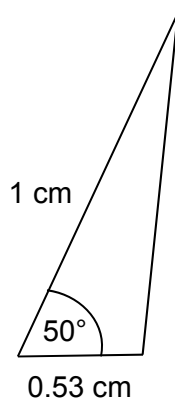
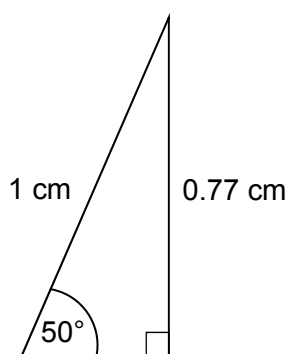
$\begin{array}{cc} W & B \\ 3 & : & 2 \\ \hline \text{£}2.80 & \text{£}3.50 \\ \text{a litre} & \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cc} 3 : 2 & 18 \div 5 \\ \hline 18 \\ 3 \times 3.6 & 2 \times 3.6 \\ 10.8 \text{ litres} \times \text{£}2.80 & 10.8 : 7.2 \\ 7.2 \text{ litres} \times \text{£}3.50 & 10.8 \times 2.8 \\ \hline 7.2 \times 3.5 & = \text{£}30.24 \quad 108 \\ \hline 72 & 28 \\ \hline & 864 \\ & 2160 \\ \hline & 30.24 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} \times 35 \\ \hline 360 \\ 2160 \\ \hline 25.20 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 25.20 \\ + 30.24 \\ \hline 55.44 \end{array}$

Answer £ 55.44

Turn over for the next question

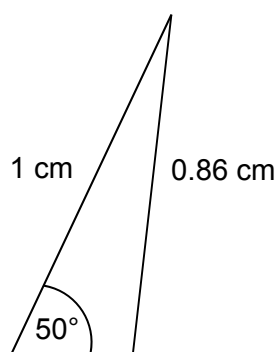
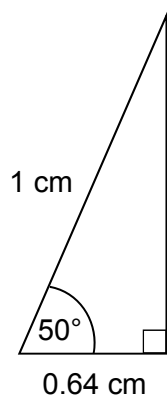
29

Here are sketches of four triangles.



Not drawn accurately

← not right angled!



In each triangle

the longest side is **exactly** 1 cm

the other length is given to 2 decimal places.

29 (a) Circle the value of  $\cos 50^\circ$  to 2 decimal places.

$$\cos 50 = \frac{A}{H}$$

[1 mark]

0.77

0.53

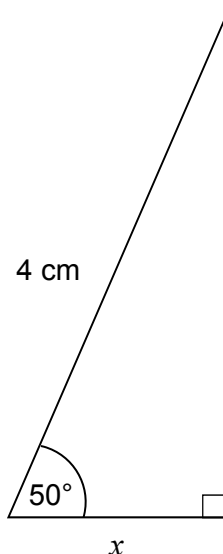
0.64

0.86

$$\cos 50 = \frac{0.64}{1}$$



- 29 (b)** Work out the value of  $x$ .  
Give your answer to 1 decimal place.



Not drawn  
accurately

$$\cos 50^\circ = 0.64$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 64 \times \\ 4 \\ \hline 256 \end{array}$$

[2 marks]

$$\cos 50^\circ = \frac{x}{4}$$

$$x = 4 \times \cos 50^\circ$$

$$4 \times 0.64 = 2.56$$

Answer 2.6 (1dp) cm

Turn over for the next question

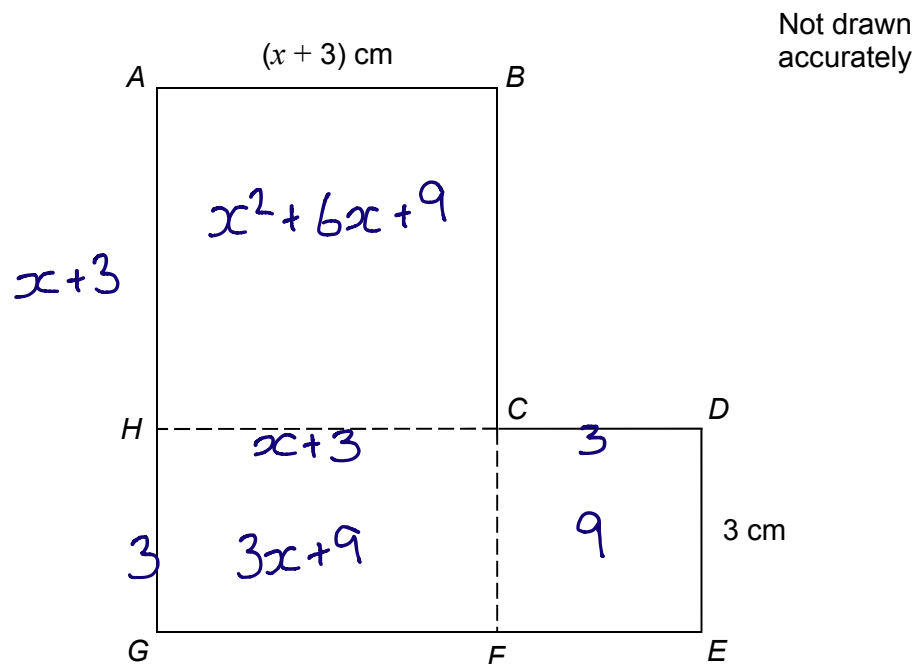
30

$ABCH$  is a square.

$HCFG$  is a rectangle.

$CDEF$  is a square.

They are joined to make an L-shape.



Show that the total area of the L-shape, in  $\text{cm}^2$ , is  $x^2 + 9x + 27$

[4 marks]

$$x^2 + 6x + 9 + 3x + 9 + 9$$

$$x^2 + 9x + 27 \quad \text{as required}$$

**END OF QUESTIONS**