

Standard Form (H)

A collection of 9-1 Maths GCSE Sample and Specimen questions from AQA, OCR, Pearson-Edexcel and WJEC Eduqas.

Name:	
Total Marks:	

1. (a) Write 6.8×10^4 in decimal notation.

[1]

(b) Write in standard form the value of 0.0000853.

[1]

(c) Find in standard form the value of $(3 \times 10^2) \times (5 \times 10^6)$.

[2]

2. (a) During an experiment, a scientist notices that the number of bacteria halves every second.

There were 2.3×10^{30} bacteria at the start of the experiment.

Calculate how many bacteria were left after 5 seconds.

Give your answer in standard form correct to two significant figures.

[3]

(b) In a different experiment the number of bacteria is reduced by a quarter each second. On this occasion the number of bacteria initially was x.

Write a formula to calculate the number of bacteria, r, remaining after t seconds.



3. $a \times 10^4 + a \times 10^2 = 24\,240$ where a is a number.

Work out $a \times 10^4$ - $a \times 10^2$

Give your answer in standard form.

[2]

4. Work out the value of $(9 \times 10^{-4}) \times (3 \times 10^{7})$ Give your answer in standard form.

[2]

- 5. One uranium atom has a mass of 3.95×10^{-22} grams.
- (a) Work out an estimate for the number of uranium atoms in 1kg of uranium.

.....[3]

(b) Is your answer to (a) an underestimate or an overestimate? Give a reason for your answer.

[1]

$$6. R = \frac{x^2}{y}$$

$$x = 3.6 \times 10^5$$

$$y = 7.5 \times 10^4$$

Work out the value of R.

Give your answer in standard form to an appropriate degree of accuracy.



7. Write 0.000068 in standard form.

[1]

8. The table shows data for the UK about its population and the total amount of money spent on healthcare in 2002, 2007 and 2012.

Year	Population	Total spent on healthcare (£)
2002	5.94×10^{7}	8.14×10^{10}
2007	6.13×10^{7}	1.20 × 10 ¹¹
2012	6.37 × 10 ⁷	1.45 × 10 ¹¹

a) How much more was spent on healthcare in 2007 than in 2002? Give your answer in millions of pounds.

a١	£	 million	[3]
a)	工	 11111111011	[၁]

b) Marcia says

The amount spent on healthcare per person in the UK doubled in 10 years.

Use the information in the table to comment on whether Marcia is correct.

[4]

9. The mass of Jupiter is 1.899×10^{27} kg.

The mass of Saturn is 0.3 times the mass of Jupiter.

(a) Work out an estimate for the mass of Saturn.

Give your answer in standard form.

..... kg [3]



b) Give evidence to show whether your answer to (a) is an underestimate overestimate.

[1]

10. Which of these is not a square number?

Circle your answer.

$$4 \times 10^{2}$$

$$4 \times 10^{6}$$

$$9 \times 10^{3}$$

$$4 \times 10^2$$
 4×10^6 9×10^3 9×10^4

[1]

- 11. (a) Write 0.000 423 in standard form.
-[1]
- b) Write 4.5×10^4 as an ordinary number.
- 12. The surface gravity of a planet can be worked out using the formula

$$g = \frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \, m}{r^2}$$

where

m kilograms is the mass of the planet

r metres is the radius of the planet

For the Earth and Jupiter here are the values of m and r.

Earth
$$m = 5.98 \times 10^{24}$$
 $r = 6.378 \times 10^{6}$

Jupiter

$$m = 1.90 \times 10^{27}$$
 $r = 7.149 \times 10^{7}$

Work out the ratio of the surface gravity of Earth to the surface gravity of Jupiter.

Write your answer in the form 1: n



13. $(6 \times 10^{a}) + (6 \times 10^{b}) + (6 \times 10^{c}) = 6006.6$

Write down a possible set of values of a, b and c.

a =	
b =	
c =	[3]



CREDITS AND NOTES

Question	Awarding Body	Question	Awarding Body
1	WJEC Eduqas	8	OCR
2	WJEC Eduqas	9	Pearson Edexcel
3	AQA	10	AQA
4	Pearson Edexcel	11	Pearson Edexcel
5	Pearson Edexcel	12	Pearson Edexcel
6	AQA	13	AQA
7	Pearson Edexcel		

Notes:

These questions have been retyped from the original sample/specimen assessment materials and whilst every effort has been made to ensure there are no errors, any that do appear are mine and not the exam board s (similarly any errors I have corrected from the originals are also my corrections and not theirs!).

Please also note that the layout in terms of fonts, answer lines and space given to each question does not reflect the actual papers to save space.

These questions have been collated by me as the basis for a GCSE working party set up by the GLOW maths hub - if you want to get involved please get in touch. The objective is to provide support to fellow teachers and to give you a flavour of how different topics "could" be examined. They should not be used to form a decision as to which board to use. There is no guarantee that a topic will or won't appear in the "live" papers from a specific exam board or that examination of a topic will be as shown in these questions.



Links:

AQA http://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/mathematics/gcse/mathematics-8300

OCR http://ocr.org.uk/gcsemaths

Pearson Edexcel http://qualifications.pearson.com/en/qualifications/edexcel-gcses/mathematics-2015.html

WJEC Eduqas http://www.eduqas.co.uk/qualifications/mathematics/gcse/

Contents:

This version contains questions from:

AQA - Sample Assessment Material and Practice set 1

OCR - Sample Assessment Material and Practice set 1

Pearson Edexcel - Sample Assessment Material, Specimen set 1 and Specimen set 2.

WJEC Eduqas – Sample Assessment Material

www.justmaths.co.uk Version 1 December 2015