## JustMaths

# TAKE 10 ... EXPANSION OF BRACKET

#### Q1.

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
(a)		12x + 20	1	B1 cao
(b) (c)		5x + 7 x <sup>2</sup> + 10x + 24	2	M1 for 2×x - 2×4 or 3×x + 3×5 A1 cao  B2 cao (B1 for 4 correct terms with or without signs, or 3 out of no more than 4 terms, with correct signs. The terms may be in an expression or in a table)

#### **Q2.**

	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
(a)		6 + 3t	1	B1 for 6 + 3t
(b)		6x <sup>2</sup> + 15x	2	B2 for 6x <sup>2</sup> + 15x (B1 for 6x <sup>2</sup> or 15x)
(c)	m <sup>2</sup> + 10m + 3m + 30	m <sup>2</sup> + 13m + 30	2	M1 for all 4 terms (and no additional terms) correct with or without signs or 3 out of no more than four terms correct with signs A1 for m <sup>2</sup> + 13m + 30

#### Q3.

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
(a)		3y + 7x + 3	1	B1 cao
(b)		2x(x -2)	2	B2 for $2x(x-2)$ . Accept $2x(x+-2)$ . (B1 for $x(2x-4)$ or $2(x^2-2x)$ or $2x$ (linear expression in $x$ ) or $(x-2)$ (linear expression in $x$ )
(c)	11–3 <i>x</i> – 6	5–3 <i>x</i>	2	M1 for expansion of –3(x + 2) A1 cao
(d)	3x <sup>2</sup> +7x–18x–42	3x <sup>2</sup> 11x 42	2	M1 for 4 terms correct with or without signs or 3 out of exactly 4 terms correct (the terms may be in an expression or table)  OR $x(3x+7)-6(3x+7)$ or $3x(x-6)+7(x-6)$ A1 cao

### Q4.



PAPER: 1MA0/2H						
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes		
(a)		$y^2 + 7y + 10$	2	M1 for all 4 terms (and no additional terms) correct ignoring signs or 3 terms correct A1 for $y^2 + 7y + 10$		
(b)		(e-3)(e+4)	2	M1 for $(e \pm 3)(e \pm 4)$ A1 for $(e - 3)(e + 4)$		

### **Q5**.

PAPER: 1M.	PAPER: 1MA0_2H								
Question	Working	Answer Mark		Notes					
(a)	$y^2 - 2y - 5y + 10$	$y^2 - 7y + 10$	2	M1 for all 4 terms correct (condone incorrect signs) or 3 out of 4 terms correct with correct signs A1 cao					
*(b)	$(4n^{2} + 2n + 2n + 1)$ $- (2n + 1)$ $= 4n^{2} + 4n + 1 - 2n - 1$ $= 4n^{2} + 2n$ $= 2n(2n + 1)$	Proof	3	M1 for 3 out of 4 terms correct in the expansion of $(2n+1)^2$ or $(2n+1)\{(2n+1)-1\}$ A1 for $4n^2+2n$ or equivalent expression in factorised form C1 for convincing statement using $2n(2n+1)$ or $2(2n^2+n)$ or $4n^2+2n$ to prove the result					

## Q6.

uestion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
(a)		e + 7f	2	B2 for $e + 7f$ (B1 for $e$ or $7f$ )
(b)		10c + 15d	1	B1 cao
(c)		2x - 7	4	M1 for $x + x + 3 + 2x$ (= $4x + 3$ ) M1 for $2(3x - 2)$ (= $6x - 4$ ) M1 for ' $6x$ ' - ' $4x$ ' - ' $4$ ' ± ' $3$ ' oe A1 cao OR M1 for $2(3x - 2)$ (= $6x - 4$ ) M1 for ' $6x$ ' - $x - x - 2x$ (= $2x$ ) oe M1 for ' $-4$ ' ± $3$ A1 cao

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5MB2	5MB2H_01 November 2015								
Quest	ion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
Quest	1011	Working	$A = 9x^2 + 19x - 6$	4	B1 for one of $5x-2$ or $x$ found M1 for correct method to find area of one relevant rectangle. M1 for complete method to find whole area or simplified expression $9x^2 + 19x - 6$ or correct but not simplified formula A1 for correct, simplified formula $A = 9x^2 + 19x - 6$				

Q8.

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
		Shown	3	M1 for correct expansion of $(n+3)^2$ or $(n-3)^2$ eg $(n+3)^2 = n^2 + 6n + 9$ or $(n-3)^2 = n^2 - 6n + 9$ M1 for correct expansion of complete expression, eg $(n^2 + 6n + 9) - (n^2 - 6n + 9)$ A1 for $12n$ and conclusion  OR  M1 for $[n+3+n-3][n+3-(n-3)]$ M1 for $2n \times 6$ A1 for conclusion

**Q9**.

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
		$9x^2 + 7x - 2$	4	M1 for finding an expression for a missing length eg $4x - 1 - x - x$ (=2x - 1) or $x+2-2x$ (=2-x) M1 for a correct expression for one area from the cross-section, eg. $x \times 2x$ or $(4x-1)(x+2-2x)$ or for one volume of cuboid(s), eg. $x \times 2x \times (x+1)$ M1 for a complete method to find the volume A1 for $9x^2 + 7x - 2$ or $(9x-2)(x+1)$ oe



Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
	Statement supported by	B1	writing a general expression for an odd number eg $2n+1$	Could be $2n - 1$ , $2n + 3$ , etc
	algebra	M1	(dep) for expanding ("odd number") <sup>2</sup> with at least 3 out of 4 correct terms	Note that $4n^2 + 4n + 2$ or $2n^2 + 4n + 1$ in expansion of $(2n + 1)^2$ is to be regarded as 3 correct terms
		A1	for correct simplified expansion, eg $4n^2 + 4n + 1$	
		C1	(dep A1) for a concluding statement eg $4(n^2+n)+1$ (is one more than a multiple of 4)	